Property owner's or authorized representative's signature

PTAX-230 (8-2/12) Non-Farm Property Assessment Complaint

Step 1: Complete the information for the prope 1 Property owner's name Street address City State ZIP () Phone Email address Send notice to (if different than above)		r which you are filing this complaint Property index number (PIN) from your property tax bill or obtain it from your CCAO. If you are unable to obtain your PIN, provide a legal description on Line b. a PIN b Legal description - only if unable to obtain your PIN:					
				Name Mailing address	5	Property's street address if	different than address in Item
				City State ZIP		Street address	IL
Phone Email address 3 Assessment year for this complaint: 20		City	ZIP				
Step 2: Check the reasons for which you are	objectin	g to the assessment					
6a Property was assessed twice for 20		☐ Improvement was not tax	able on valuation date.				
6b ☐ Assessment is ☐ lower ☐ higher than assess of comparable property in this county.	ments 6e	Other (incorrect descrip-	ion, homestead, <i>etc.</i>)				
6c ☐ Property was exempt on January 1, 20							
7 Any additional information useful to the board of review	w in hearing						
tep 3: Write the property's assessed values							
As of valuation date;//							
Assessed values of your non-farm property:		 9 Your estimate as to the correct assessment values: a Land/lot or farm homesite 					
		b Non-farm buildings & structures					
a Land/lot or farm homesite							
		c Total					
a Land/lot or farm homesite b Non-farm buildings & structures c Total tep 4: Sign below equest a hearing on the facts in this complaint so that a t			perty can be determined.				
a Land/lot or farm homesite b Non-farm buildings & structures c Total tep 4: Sign below request a hearing on the facts in this complaint so that a topperty owner's or authorized representative's signature Date	fair and equ	itable assessment of the pro	perty can be determined.				
a Land/lot or farm homesite b Non-farm buildings & structures c Total tep 4: Sign below equest a hearing on the facts in this complaint so that a t	fair and equ	itable assessment of the pro	perty can be determined.				
a Land/lot or farm homesite b Non-farm buildings & structures c Total tep 4: Sign below request a hearing on the facts in this complaint so that a toperty owner's or authorized representative's signature tep 5: Mail your completed Form PTAX-230 Shelby County board of review PO Box 416	fair and equ	itable assessment of the pro	operty can be determined.				
a Land/lot or farm homesite b Non-farm buildings & structures c Total tep 4: Sign below request a hearing on the facts in this complaint so that a toperty owner's or authorized representative's signature tep 5: Mail your completed Form PTAX-230 Shelby County board of review	fair and equ _/ 	itable assessment of the pro u have questions, 217) 774 5579					
a Land/lot or farm homesite b Non-farm buildings & structures c Total tep 4: Sign below equest a hearing on the facts in this complaint so that a temperaty owner's or authorized representative's signature tep 5: Mail your completed Form PTAX-230 Shelby County board of review PO Box 416 Mailing address	fair and equ _/ 	itable assessment of the pro- u have questions, 217) 774 5579 Of	fice hours:a.m. top.m.				

Illinois Property Assessment Appeal Process Guide

General information

When going through the appeal process, you (property owner) are appealing the assessed value (assessment) of your property, **not** the tax bill. The tax bill amount is determined by various tax rates applied to the assessment (after review and equalization by the board of review) by taxing districts (schools, parks, libraries, etc.). Tax rates are not an issue in the appeal process, only the assessment amount may be appealed.

Property is assessed each assessment year by township/multi-township assessor or by CCAO if the county has no township form of government. By law (35 ILCS 200/9-145), assessments of property, other than farmland and coal, are required to be assessed at 33 1/3% of its fair cash (market) value. If the assessment is to increase, the CCAO must publish the change in a local newspaper. The change is subject to further equalization and revision-by the board of review as well as state equalization by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

Your appeal must be filed with the board of review 30 days after the CCAO's publication of the changes. Appeals filed late will not be heard. Once you receive the tax bill, it is generally too late to make an appeal for that year's assessment. The board of review will mail you final notice of its decision. A list of the final assessment changes is available from your board of review.

See "Contact Information" on front for help filing an appeal or to obtain board of review's hearing procedures.

How a tax bill is calculated

The county treasurer bills and collects property taxes for the year following the assessment year. Your tax bill is determined by taking the equalized assessed value (after board of review and state equalization) of your property and applying the aggregate tax rates from levies of all local taxing districts and units of local government. Your tax bill is calculated as follows:

Equalized assessed value — Homestead exemptions = Taxable value (assessment)

Taxable value X total tax rates of all taxing districts = Total tax bill

Note: You may qualify for a homestead exemption which will reduce your property's equalized assessed value.

Homestead exemptions are available for general homestead, homestead improvements, disabled persons, disabled veterans, and senior citizens. See "Contact Information" on front for assistance with homestead exemptions.

Informal appeal

Before you file a formal complaint (appeal), you should first contact your township or CCAO. An assessor with assessment books for a given year can correct any assessment. Bringing attention to an erroneous assessment early may result in a correction without the formal appeal process.

Formal appeal

If, after talking to your township or CCAO, the matter is **not** resolved, proceed with a formal appeal to the board of review if any of the following claims can be supported:

· Assessor's estimate of fair market value is higher than

actual fair market value. Supported if you have recently purchased your property on the open market or if a professional appraisal is supplied.

- Assessed value is at a higher percentage of market value than the prevailing township or county median level as shown in an assessment/sales ratio study.
- Primary assessment is based on inaccurate information (incorrect measurement of a lot or building, etc.).
- · Assessment is higher than similar neighboring properties.

Steps to appeal

An appeal of an assessment (other than on farmland or farm buildings) has seven steps. For farmland or farm building, you must file Form PTAX-227, Farm Property Assessment Complaint.

- 1 Obtain property record card with assessed property valuation.
- 2 Discuss with assessor to determine how assessment was calculated.
- 3 Determine fair market value.
- 4 Determine prevailing assessment level in jurisdiction.
- 5 Determine the basis for formal complaint.
- 6 File Form PTAX-230 with board of review.
- 7 Present unfair assessment evidence to board of review.

Evidence needed

To support a claim of unfair assessment, you will need substantial evidence. Evidence may be obtained from the township or CCAO's office, from a professional appraiser, or through research. Pertinent evidence for non-farm property should include some or all of the following:

- Copy of property record card for and photo of property
- Copies of property record cards for and recent photo of similar neighboring properties
- Copy of Form PTAX-203, Real Estate Transfer Declaration, a deed, or a contract for purchase
- Appraisal of property
- Recent sales of comparable properties (including photos, property record cards, and evidence of sale price)
- Photo of elements not on the property record card that detract from the property value and a dollar estimate of the negative effect on the market value.

Appeal to State Property Tax Appeal Board (PTAB)

If you do not agree with the board's decision, you can appeal (in writing) to PTAB or file a tax objection complaint in circuit court. Visit the PTAB's web site at state.il.us/agency/ptab for appeal forms and information.